1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: INDUSTRIAL METHYLATED SPIRITS
Company Name: QUICK SMART PRODUCTS
Address: 53 Assembly Drive
Tullamarine Vic 3043
Telephone/Fax: (03) 9338 6655 (BH) Poisons Information Centre 131126 (AH) (03) 9336 7945 (AH)
Recommended Use: General Industrial Solvent

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification
This material is hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

Dangerous Goods Classification

GHS Classification(s)
Flammable Liquids: Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A

GHS Label Elements
Signal Word: DANGER
Symbol(s)

Hazard Statements
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements
General
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P103 Read label before use.

Prevention
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No Smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all other equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P264 Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator.
INDUSTRIAL METHYLATED SPIRITS
SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSDS No: 
Product Name: INDUSTRIAL METHYLATED SPIRITS
Manufacturers Code: IMS1, IMS5, IMS20, IMS200
Date: January 2017

QUICK SMART PRODUCTS
53 ASSEMBLY DRIVE
TULLAMARINE VIC 3043
Ph: (03) 9338 6655 (BH) Fax: (03) 9335 2598
Email: qsmart@bigpond.net.au
Web: www.quicksmartproducts.com.au

Response
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, standard foam or dry agent for extinction.

Storage
P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Poisons Schedule
Not applicable.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Entity</th>
<th>CAS No</th>
<th>Proportion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>95-100%v/v</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl isobutyl ketone</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>0.25%v/v</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denatonium benzoate</td>
<td>3734-33-6</td>
<td>6.6ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 088 764 766)

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Inhalation
Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a facemask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.

Skin Contact
For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water. For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye Contact
If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for at least 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

First Aid Facilities
Potable water should be available to rinse eyes or skin. Provide eye baths and safety showers.
PPE for First Aiders
Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Advice to Doctor
Treatment symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures
Do not enter enclosed or a confined work space without proper protective equipment. Fire fighting personnel should wear respiratory protection (positive pressure if available). Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate ignition sources. Move fire exposed containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Suitable Extinguishing Media
If material is involved in a fire use alcohol resistant foam, water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam or dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific Hazards
Flammable liquid. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Flameproof equipment necessary in area where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Electrical requirements for work area should be assessed according to AS3000. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke.

Fire Fighting Further Advice
If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning may emit toxic fumes, including those of carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Emergency Procedure
Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of dust or vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

Containment Procedure
If safe to do so, isolate the leak. Small spills are allowed to evaporate provided there is adequate ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Clean Up Procedure
Cover with damp absorbent (inert material, sand or soil). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Use a spark-free shovel.

Dangerous Goods
Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 14
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling**
Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

**Storage**
Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Dangerous Good Class 3 Flammable Liquid as per the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**National Occupational Exposure Limits:** No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However for:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>TWA ppm</th>
<th>STEL ppm</th>
<th>Carcinogen Category</th>
<th>Notices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1880</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As published by Safe Work Australia.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

**Biological Limit Values**
As per the “National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)” the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

**Engineering Measures**
Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing appropriate respirator. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected. Keep containers closed when not in use.

**Personal Protection Equipment**
Overalls, safety shoes, chemical goggles, gloves, respirator.

Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Available information suggests that gloves made from butyl rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.
Hygiene Measures

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Clear Colourless Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Characteristic alcohol odour. Ethanol odour detectable at 80-100ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH, at stated concentration</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure</td>
<td>5.9kPa @ 20°C (Ethanol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density (air=1)</td>
<td>1.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point (°C)</td>
<td>78 (Ethanol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing/Melting Point (°C)</td>
<td>-117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>0.79 - 0.81 (Ethanol)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flammable Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>13 (Ethanol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point Method</td>
<td>Abel closed cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable (Explosive) Limit</td>
<td>Upper : 19% Lower : 3.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temp (°C)</td>
<td>392</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>2.53 (n-Butyl Acetate = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Weight</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile Organic Compounds Content (VOC)</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Volatiles</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>No reactivity hazards are known for the material.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Stability</td>
<td>This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous Reactions</td>
<td>No known hazardous reactions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to Avoid</td>
<td>Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible Materials</td>
<td>Oxidising agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous Decomposition Products</td>
<td>Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms and effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Acute Effects**

**Inhalation**
Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

**Skin Contact**
Contact with skin may result in irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritant contact dermatitis.

**Ingestion**
Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

**Eye Contact**
An eye irritant.

**Acute Toxicity**

**Inhalation**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.  
Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >20 mg/L

**Skin Contact**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.  
Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/L

**Ingestion**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.  
Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/L

**Corrosion/Irritancy**
Eye: This material has been classified as a Category 2A Hazard (reversible effects to eyes).  
Skin: This material has been classified as no corrosive or irritating to skin.

**Sensitisation**
Inhalation: This material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser.  
Skin: This material has been classified as not a skin sensitisser.

**Aspiration Hazard**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

**Chronic Toxicity**

**Mutagenicity**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

**Carcinogenicity**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

**Reproductive Toxicity (including via lactation)**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure)**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Avoid contaminating waterways.

**Acute Aquatic Hazard**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.  
Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L

**Long Term Aquatic Hazard**
This material has been classified as non-hazardous.  
Chronic toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L
INDUSTRIAL METHYLATED SPIRITS
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ecotoxicity
No information available.

Persistence and Degradability
Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential
In information available.

Mobility
No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see “Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection” of this SDS. If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the “Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail” and the “New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land”.

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOL
UN number 1170
DG Class 3 Flammable Liquid
Packaging Group II
Hazchem Code •2YE
Emergency Response Guide No. 14
Segregation Dangerous Goods
Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable gases (Class 2.1), if both are in bulk, toxic gases (Class 2.3), spontaneously combustible substance (Class 4.2), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7), however exemptions may apply.

MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOL
UN number 1170
DG Class 3 Flammable Liquid
Packaging Group II
AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Proper Shipping Name: ETHANOL
UN number: 1170
DG Class: 3 Flammable Liquid
Packaging Group: II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

HSNO Approval Number and/or Group Standard: Solvent (Flammable) Group Standard 2006

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation or last revision of SDS: SDS Revised: 12 January 2017

Abbreviations
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail
AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling
HAZCHEM Code: Emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LEL: Lower Explosion Limit
mg/m³: Milligrams per Cubic Metre
NOHS: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
ppm: Parts Per Million
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
TWA: Time Weighted Average
UEL: Upper Explosion Limit
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MSDS No:</th>
<th>INDUSTRIAL METHYLATED SPIRITS IMS1, IMS5, IMS20, IMS200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product Name:</td>
<td>INDUSTRIAL METHYLATED SPIRITS IMS1, IMS5, IMS20, IMS200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturers Code:</td>
<td>IMS1, IMS5, IMS20, IMS200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date:</td>
<td>January 2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This SDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user must review this SDS in the context of how the product will be handled in the workplace and in conjunction with other materials. It is the user’s obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company accepts no responsibility for any injury, loss or damage, resulting from abnormal use of the material or from any failure to adhere to recommendations. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

END OF SDS